

Executive Summary: Pennsylvania – AISF (American Innovation & Sustainability Fund)

The Pennsylvania initiative within the AISF Master Plan focuses on leveraging SHURE® technology to extract lithium and rare earth elements (REEs) from fracking wastewater and coal ash, positioning Pennsylvania as a critical hub for domestic supply of essential minerals vital for electric vehicles (EVs), renewable energy, and national defense.

Key Objectives

- 1. Lithium Extraction from Fracking Wastewater
 - SHURE® (Sustainable Hydrometallurgical Unit for Resource Extraction) technology aims to extract lithium carbonate from Marcellus Shale wastewater, which could meet 38–40% of U.S. demand.
 - o Goal: Recover 1,160 tons of lithium annually by Year 5.
- 2. Rare Earth Element (REE) Recovery from Coal Ash
 - Pilot extraction processes for neodymium, yttrium, cerium, and other REEs from coal ash deposits.
 - o Over **11 million tons** of recoverable REEs exist in Pennsylvania's coal ash, valued at **\$8.4 billion**.
- 3. Environmental Remediation
 - Eliminate toxic fracking wastewater and coal ash by converting them into valuable materials.
 - Restore contaminated water sources and reduce hazardous waste sites in the Appalachian Basin.
- 4. Economic Development
 - o Create **500 direct jobs** and **2,000+ indirect jobs**, boosting local economies—particularly in areas affected by **coal industry decline**.
 - Leverage partnerships with Penn State University, Eureka Resources, and the Department of Energy (DOE) for funding and regulatory support.

Project Phases

- **▶** Phase 1 (0–12 months)
- Feasibility & Site Selection:



- Identify 3-5 fracking wastewater treatment facilities with high lithium concentrations.
- o Assess coal ash sites in the Appalachian Basin for REE recovery.

• Pilot Testing:

- o Deploy SHURE® pilot units at select fracking wastewater sites to **recover lithium** (50% recovery rate) from **100,000–200,000 gallons/day**.
- o Begin lab-scale REE extraction from coal ash, producing initial concentrates.

• Partnership Formalization:

- Finalize agreements with Eureka Resources (wastewater treatment) and Penn State (research collaboration).
- Secure \$5M-\$10M in early-stage funding.

Phase 2 (12–24 months)

• Facility Construction:

- Build a modular lithium extraction plant to process 500,000 gallons/day, recovering 100–200 tons of lithium annually.
- Start construction of a coal ash processing facility to recover 50 tons of REE concentrates per year.

• Environmental & Community Engagement:

- o Launch **monitoring programs** to track water quality improvements.
- o Community outreach for transparency on project impact.

• Revenue Generation:

- Sell lithium carbonate to battery manufacturers and rare earth concentrates to magnet and electronics producers.
- o **Initial Revenue: \$5–8M** in Phase 2.

Phase 3 (24–36+ months)

• Full-Scale Operations:

- Scale the lithium extraction plant to 1M+ gallons/day, recovering 1,160 tons of lithium annually.
- Expand the REE refinery to **500 tons of rare earth concentrates** per year for **national magnet manufacturers**.

• Economic & Environmental Impact:

- 500+ jobs at the lithium and REE facilities, adding \$30M in annual local economic impact.
- Treat 1 million gallons of wastewater daily, remediating 50+ miles of polluted waterways.

• Revenue Projections:

- o \$50-75M annual revenue by Year 5 from combined lithium and REE sales.
- o Profitability achieved by Year 3.



10–15 Year Outlook: Sustained Growth & National Leadership

Beyond Year 5, the Pennsylvania initiative has the potential to expand and evolve significantly, cementing the state's role as a national leader in critical mineral recovery and environmental remediation. Key elements include:

> Scaling to Multiple Sites

- Replicate the SHURE® extraction facilities across other high-lithium fracking sites and coal ash repositories in Pennsylvania.
- Each additional site could add 200–300 tons of lithium output per year and 200+ new jobs.

> Advanced Materials Hub

- Expand REE refinery capabilities to include higher-value elements like dysprosium and terbium, critical for military tech and EV motors.
- Attract downstream manufacturing (magnet production, battery assembly) to Pennsylvania, generating thousands of specialized jobs.

> Enhanced Environmental Stewardship

- Clean up legacy coal ash ponds and fracking waste, restoring hundreds of miles
 of waterways and reclaiming land for community use.
- Establish Pennsylvania as a model state for industrial waste remediation and circular economy initiatives.

> Integration with Emerging Technologies

- Collaborate with AI-driven resource management platforms for real-time optimization of extraction rates, chemical usage, and environmental monitoring.
- Partner with EV and renewable energy companies to develop closed-loop supply chains, ensuring ethical and traceable materials.

> National & Global Export

- By Year 10, Pennsylvania could export lithium and REE concentrates
 nationally and internationally, bolstering U.S. supply chain resilience and
 trade.
- Potential to capture 15-20% of the North American lithium market share and significant REE segments by Year 15.

> Sustained Job Creation

- 10,000+ jobs across mining, advanced manufacturing, environmental services, and R&D by Year 15.
- Continuous workforce development programs in technology, engineering, and green jobs will revitalize local economies across the state.

> Continued Government & Private Funding



- Leverage ongoing state and federal grants, as well as private-sector partnerships (EV manufacturers, defense contractors) for research and infrastructure expansions.
- Attract long-term capital investments from private equity and impact investors seeking ESG-compliant projects with strong ROI.

Impact Overview

- Environmental:
 - By Year 10, process 2+ million gallons of wastewater daily, mitigating billions of gallons of toxic waste disposal.
 - Cumulatively remediate hundreds of thousands of tons of coal ash, significantly reducing hazardous waste.
- Economic:
 - \$30–50M local economic impact by Year 5, scaling beyond \$100M annually by Year 10 as multiple sites come online.
 - Sustainable high-paying jobs, especially in rural communities transitioning from legacy industries.
- National Security:
 - Secure domestic sources of critical minerals for EVs, wind turbines, aerospace, and military applications.
 - Reduce foreign dependence, strengthening U.S. supply chains and energy independence.

Financial Projections

- Initial Capital Investment: \$20–30M for Phase 1 & Phase 2 combined (pilot, facility construction).
- Revenue Generation:
 - o **\$5–8M** by Phase 2.
 - o \$50–75M by Year 5.
- Long-Term Growth:
 - o **Potential \$200–300M** annual revenue by Year 10–15, with multi-site expansions and refined high-value REE products.
- ROI & IRR:
 - o **20–25% IRR** over 5–7 years, breakeven by **Year 3**, and a return on investment exceeding **3x** by Year 5.



 Additional expansions beyond Year 5 could yield ongoing returns and significant shareholder value.

Conclusion

The Pennsylvania initiative under the AISF Master Plan provides long-term economic and environmental benefits, positioning the state as a national leader in sustainable mineral recovery. By Year 5, Pennsylvania can expect \$50–75M in annual revenue, hundreds of new jobs, and significant environmental improvements. Over a 10–15 year horizon, the project has the potential to evolve into a multi-site operation that strengthens domestic supply chains, creates thousands of jobs, and contributes hundreds of millions in annual revenue—all while restoring contaminated water sources and mitigating industrial waste.

With a clear path to **profitability** and strong **local and federal support**, this initiative offers **investors**, **government officials**, and **community stakeholders** a **robust opportunity** for both **financial returns** and **positive social impact**—securing Pennsylvania's role in **America's clean energy transition** for decades.